


THE
Carboro' Southerner.
Charles & Williamson,
Publishers and Proprietors.



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JAS. G. CHARLES, - - Associate.
TARBORO', N. C.

Friday, : : February 5, 1875

JOB PRINTING.

The **SOUTHERNER** Job Department has been thoroughly supplied with every needed want and with the latest styles of Types, and every manner of Job Work can now be done with neatness, dispatch and cheapness.

We can furnish at short notice
BLANKS,
LETTER HEADS,
CARDS, PROGRAMMES,
HANDBILLS, PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, &c.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

This devilish measure, the legacy left by Sumner to his confederates, the haters of the South and Southern society, passed the National House of Representatives to-day a week ago by a strict party vote, 162 to 100. What native white man in North Carolina, with any instincts of gentility and decency, can read the bill, which appears on our first page as it passed the House, without feeling his blood boil with the bitterest indignation? Its provisions aim directly at amalgamation, an obliteration of all distinction between the races, to perfect social equality between them. It was engineered by the defamer of Southern women, an outcast from respectable society among his own people, a villain, beast—the despised Butler, who chagrined at his own individual repudiation and the rapidly waning power of the Radical party, instinctively insists upon that revenge which characterizes brutes and the infernal.

The bill now goes to the Senate for its concurrence, and as that body is like angered at the disasters that have of late overcome the powers that be, being largely Radical, will doubtless rush it through before the fourth of March brings the party with all its infamy forever. There is little hope that Grant will veto the measure, consequently it will in all probability become a law before the dissolution of the present Congress. We of the South, during the limited power of Radicalism, may expect every indignity to be heaped upon us, and can but stare the fact in the face, till redress comes from the next National Legislature which will, we hope, be as swift to overthrow as the dominant party has been to enact.

With white Republicans of the State who have heretofore affiliated with the party from honest convictions, the bill has already had its effect. They are on all sides renouncing their allegiance to Radicalism, which has existed only in corruption and will end in infamy. In the lower house of our General Assembly, Mr. Glenn, a young man of education, highly respectable birth, of wealth, on Monday, introduced resolutions calling upon white men of the State who have hitherto adhered to the Republican party to sever their connection with the same for the reason that in this extreme hour of peril to our manhood all mere questions of party pride or passions should be forever sunk in the great issue for the preservation of our morals, our social rights and our race. Mr. Glenn's position was endorsed by influential members of the House, and it is understood a caucus will be held to-night looking to a withdrawal, in a body, from their party if Civil Rights become a law. And it will not stop here. The thing will go on till every white man in North Carolina will disavow any allegiance to any organization entertaining such hellish doctrines—till a complete rupture of the Radical party in the State is effected. We cannot blame the negro for wanting Civil Rights. We are sorry that this line of color has been drawn. It was his own doing. He would blindly follow his worst enemies, and now it is beyond the power of his true friends and sympathizers to extend to him a helping hand. He would have it so.

But a word to the white men in this county who are to-day in full accord with the party of Civil Rights. There are two ways open to you, and you must take one or the other. You must either follow the commendable example of Mr. Glenn, or be regarded on a social level with the negro. The true men of Edgecombe have determined that the whites shall constitute one party and one society, and the negroes with their allies another party and another so-

ciety. If you persist in being supplicants to the negro hordes for the places within their gift, we now advise you not to be surprised when you find every respectable door barred against you; when you find yourselves on every hand looked upon with scorn and contempt, and despised and hated by all decent men. Such is your condition. Will you be white men or will you be negroes? This is the issue—make your choice. The fiat has gone forth.

USURY.

The passage of the Usury law by the Senate this week has evidently awakened the business men of Wilmington. They are holding meetings, or something of the kind, to protest against the bill now pending before the General Assembly, and our exchanges from that place are coming out in two-horse editorials predicting that the passage of such a bill will cripple every business enterprise. But is it not a little remarkable that these calls for meetings were signed only by gentlemen engaged in banking, commission, and kindred pursuits? We are not surprised at their opposition to the law. Twenty and twenty-five per cent. on money and supplies to farmers is too good a thing to be estopped all at once by a legislative body. They have not grown quite fat enough yet out of the hard earnings of farmers, and wish to live a while longer in the luxurious ease accruing from capital advanced to those who raise cotton and turpentine, and which draws twenty and twenty-five per cent. per annum. Oh no, it is not surprising at all. But we who live up here in Edgecombe have experienced the evils growing out of such a system. It is rather a lamentable state of affairs when real estate in every direction is heavily encumbered with mortgages given to commission merchants by the owners to obtain supplies to carry on farming operations, and no prospect of liquidating the said encumbrances. Fruitless attempts are made year after year, and for the simple reason that the profits fall short of twenty-five per cent., each succeeding year finds them just so much worse off. The intent of the law is to give people in this condition relief, and the first step to make towards effecting it is to adopt measures that will prevent such exorbitant charges for money on the part of capitalists. The Legislature wishes to give the farmers a turn now. Capitalists have had the field long enough. We feel an interest in the success of those who till the soil, therefore we favor the passage of a Usury law as stringent as it can be possibly made. Some hold that it will drive money out of the country, but others with equally as plausible reasons think the laboring classes, as is the case in other States, with such laws, can obtain all the money necessary for their operations, and that at six per cent. In our humble judgment the latter opinion is the correct one. Affairs with agriculturists in Edgecombe, and in East Carolina, as far as we have been able to observe, can with difficulty be made worse, therefore the Usury law as an experiment would not be a bad idea. Anything to relieve the farmers. If it proves detrimental to the interests of commission merchants and money lenders, we shall be sorry for it, but the time has come when the farmer should have some consideration, and it is the duty of our law makers to give their claims precedence to all others. The latter have had the day long enough, and to the great disparagement of those upon whose success depends everything. We expected a strong opposition to Usury. The influence of money lenders is powerful, and when it is brought to bear upon any one measure, its weight, as a matter of course, is felt. The rub was with the Senate; now that it is a fixed fact as far as that body is concerned, we may look for a stringent Usury law before the adjournment of the Legislature. It is much more popular with the House. There the direct voice of the people is more fully represented, and when the Senate bill comes up for its consideration, we will be surprised if it does not pass with little opposition.

Maj. Dunham.

We learn from the *News* that its editor, Maj. John W. Dunham, will soon undergo an amputation of his wounded limb in order to be relieved from the severe suffering that he has borne so long. We truly hope that the operation may be a successful one, and that he may live to wield the lance Radicalism dreads so much to feel. Maj. Dunham is as gallant with the pen as he was with the sword in those dark days that tried men's souls.

Jno. D. Cameron, Esq., of the Hillsboro Recorder, and chief Clerk of the House, will in the meantime fill Maj. Dunham's chair. Mr.

Cameron is an able writer, and will well sustain the character of the *News* as the leading Metropolitan journal.

MOORE vs. HILLIARD.

The Governor appointed Judge Moore. The Legislature ordered an election and Hilliard was elected and went in.

Moore sued Hilliard for taking the office away from him. Judge Watt's decision in Moore's favor and the opinion was confirmed a few days ago by the Supreme Court. Therefore Hilliard is out and Moore is back again in his old seat.

A case quite similar was decided between Cloud and Wilson.

We have quite a refreshing constitution. There are not less than fifty thousand stiff lawsuits slumbering yet in that precarious document. First Moore a while. Then Hilliard a while and then Moore again.—King Lear would cry out change places; and handy dandy which is the justice, which is the thief?

The *Charlotte Democrat* in speaking of the re-appointment of Judge Moore remarks that it is not very bad for the Eastern people, for he is acknowledged to be a man of legal ability.

We differ with our cotemporary.

We do not conceive legal ability to be the only qualification a judge should have. A man who is influenced by the *basest passions and prejudices* is totally unfit to sit on the Superior Court Bench of this or any other district.

Louis Hilliard, though Judge Moore's inferior in point of ability, everything taken into consideration, would have made a better judge and would have been more acceptable to our people. Had it not been for the fact that two of the Justices of the Supreme Court were in a similar position to Moore, we do not believe that there is a shadow of a doubt that Hilliard would have been sustained. We do not desire, however, to be understood as reflecting upon the integrity of the Court, but human nature and fat positions are necessarily to be duly considered. A man is not apt to be an impartial judge of himself.

The *New York Herald* seems to have just grounds to call upon Grant to resign. Before long we will, perhaps, give our reasons for thinking Moore should also resign. There is as much likelihood of the one as the other.

And it would not be a very bad thing for the Eastern people were he to do so.

It is possible that we may get rid of him, resignation or no resignation, anyhow. We learn that the question of non-residence has been raised in certain quarters.

CONVENTION.

Our highly respectable cotemporary, the *Wilson Advance*, the leader of the opposition to a call for a Convention to alter the Constitution, in a recent number, lays stress, if we remember aright, upon the point that it will injure the Democratic party.

If the Convention is called by the Legislature it will undoubtedly have to meet. The duty only of electing the best men to the Convention will devolve upon the people. The issue can then be made, are you going to vote for a Democrat or Radical for delegate?

How can it hurt them if we all stand together for good men, and they give us a better, more conservative, and very much cheaper government?

Yes, it was a nightmare. We saw a thousand of Kirk's cut throats turned loose in North Carolina with full and undisputed power to arrest, plunder, shoot down and mangle our best citizens. We saw Kerr, Turner, Scott, and others chained by the side of a condemned murderer in Almatine jail. Then appeared upon the scene the Chief Justice reading a writ on habeas corpus and finally pronouncing the Judiciary exhausted! It was an awful dream to have been such a terrible reality. And still no convention.

Attorney General Hargrove advises the Senate that a licensed dog tax would be unconstitutional. The Attorney General is doubtless correct—at least his opinion is entitled to more weight than Attorney General Williams' opinion of the Enforcement Acts. The dog like other personal property is subject only to an ad valorem tax. Only trades, professions, franchises and incomes are subject to a license tax under the present Constitution. Another argument for Convention.

Vice President Wilson says he is overrun with letters approving his recent manifesto on political affairs. We do not doubt it. That manifesto, stated in brief, that the Republican party was going to the devil with rapid strides, and that something must be done, and done speedily, if it is to be saved.

The lull in the Convention agitation is due, we understand, to the investigation that is now being made to ascertain what number of the two-thirds majority in the Legislature were borne without any spinal column. When the result is ascertained our readers shall be duly informed. The Legislature don't scare worth a cent by being called "banditti," but it is thought that rather than submit to so painful an ordeal as an inspection of their spinal parts would involve, a Convention will be called at once. Stand firm gentlemen. Don't be intimidated by threats of the general government—Sheridan, or national bank presidents.

Men who their duties know, But know their rights, and knowing dare maintain.

The *New York Sun*, commenting upon the action of the North Carolina Executive Committee in regard to Convention, says "the Conservative majority in the Legislature is composed of moderate men, who are resolved that at no action of theirs shall afford any pretext for Federal interference." Just so. We are better understood abroad than we are understood ourselves. The move towards a Convention is viewed from a common sense standpoint—as the unquestioned exercise of a constitutional right to manage our own domestic affairs. No one who reflects can imagine a pretext for Federal interference.

The civil rights bill of the House will be taken up by the Senate judiciary committee for consideration at once. It is urged by some of the friends of the bill that it be reported back without amendment, but some of the extremists advocate tacking on the cemetery and school clauses rejected by the House. It is demonstrated that the bill cannot pass the House with these sections in it. It is very doubtful whether it can pass the Senate at all in the time left of the session. One Democratic Senator says he has not less than sixty amendments to offer, on every one of which he will call the yeas and nays.—*Balt. Sun.*

Why should North Carolina spend a thought upon the opinions of Grant in this matter? If it is for the interests, or the people desire, to call a Convention, shall we go to that individual and, on banded knee, ask if it is the will of his majesty that we should do so? If we are yet slaves, let us know it, and we will then contend no more for free thought or action; if we are not, why then let us follow the course that we think right, without regard to Grant or any body else. If the despot feels it good to interfere, the responsibility will be his to meet. And thus the *Echo* truly speaketh.

The latest rumor in journalistic circles is that Horace White, who sold his interest in the *Chicago Tribune* to Joseph McMillan, has bought an interest in the *New York Tribune*, and will soon take an editorial position on that paper. We concur with the *Richmond Enquirer* in the remark that this will add greatly to the strength and influence of the *Tribune* in the West, and enlarge its sphere of usefulness as the leading opposition paper.

All the canting in the world in opposition to President Grant's election to the Senate falls far short in power of this one sentence: "Thank the carriage of Mrs. Fish or Mrs. Senator Conditling waiting at the door of Mrs. Senator Fishback."

The above is from a leading Republican paper, the *Chicago Tribune*. What do the negroes think of it?

Keep it before the people that the Congressional Committee—two Republicans and one Democrat—reported that there was a full, fair, free, and peaceable election in Louisiana; that said election resulted in a Democratic majority of 29 in the House of Representatives;

That a returning Board, illegally constituted, by fraud reversed this decision.

Butler will now doubtless depart from the hall of the House of Representatives on the 4th of March in better humor than he has enjoyed of late. The passage of the Civil Rights measure, which should bury him in infamy, has doubtless eased his soul somewhat of that load of hate he held against everything that existed South of Mason's and Dixon's line.

It is known not only in the Southern States, but all over the Union, that the Republican party is made up of gentlemen Wilmington Post.

And now pray tell us what a "gentleman" is, so that we may be certain we understand you.

"Three thousand of our people," exclaims Fred Douglas in a letter to the *National Republican*, "have been murdered in a single State! What a monstrous lie. And yet such falsehoods are constantly circulated all over the north to inflame public opinion against us."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

\$15 REWARD.

Lost, strayed or stolen from the subscriber, on the night of February 5th, a BAY MARE, age unknown, one eye out; white spots on both sides. Had on 3 shoes when taken. Thought to have been brought in the direction of Tarboro'. Whoever will return her to the undersigned will receive the above reward.

L. F. SEAT,
Care Peter Forbes, Edgemoor, N. C.
Feb. 12.

FOR SALE!

100 BUSHELS OATS.
100 Bushels Meal.
100 Bushels Corn.
200 Barrels Flour.

For Sale Cheap, by
R. B. Alsop.
Feb. 12, 1875.

Oakdale Institute,
Edgecombe Co., N. C.

A Select Home School, at the residence of the late Dr. J. P. Battle. Limited number of boarders. Spring term commences Feb. 10th, 1875. For circulars, containing full particulars, apply to J. J. Battle, Esq., Rocky Mount; Geo. L. Wimberly, Esq., Tarboro', or to the Principal.

MRS. C. W. SMITH,
Battleboro', N. C.
Feb. 12, 1875.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY!

We are doing an extensive business in CLOTHING AND CUSTOM TAILORING, through Local Agents, who are supplied with samples showing our Ready-Made and Custom Piece Goods Stock. The plan is working well for Customers, Agents, and ourselves. We desire to extend our business in this line, and for that purpose will correspond with bona fide applicants for agencies. Send real name and reference as to character.

DEVLIN & CO.,
P. O. Box 2256,
New York City.
Feb. 12, 1875.

E. FRANK COE'S AMMONIATED Bone Super-Phosphate!

Having had several applications for the above OLD AND RELIABLE FERTILIZER, I have ordered a limited supply and shall be glad to furnish those who want it either for cash, on time, or for cotton of the next crop.

I am also taking orders for a fertilizer composed of equal parts of PURE OAK AND HICKORY ASHES, Plaster and Salt. This preparation was used in this county on the last cotton crop, producing results equal to the highest priced manures, whereas this costs only about 1-2 price.

If preferred 1-2 ashes and 1-4 each Plaster and Salt will be furnished.

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Established in 1793.
MECHANVILLE, N. C.
Maj. ROBT. BINGHAM,
Maj. WM. B. LYNCH,
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University of Va.

The Spring Session of 1875 opened January 15th, but applicants are received at any time.

Tuition and Board, per session of twenty weeks, \$10.

Tuition is FREE to sons of Gospel Ministers and to candidates for the ministry, irrespective of denomination.

For particulars, address
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SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING BECOME Assignees for value of certain Mortgage deeds, and of certain bonds therein specified will sell at public auction, to be held at 4 o'clock, and daily proved and registered, to secure to Messrs. Joseph J. Charles W., and Francis M. Garrett, the payment of the purchase money for that tract of land in the county of Edgecombe, whereon the said L. G. Bates now resides, lying on Fishing Creek bounded by the lands of Dr. Wm. Hunter, Dr. Joseph J. Garrett, and the county of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company, containing by estimation, twelve hundred acres, with, by virtue of the provisions of said deeds, provided to sell the said tract of land at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House in Tarboro', on the

9th Day of March Next.

And on the 8th day of March next, as will be by the provisions of said deeds, as by show of a deed thereto, executed by L. G. Bates and wife in April, 1874, duly proved and registered, to secure a certain debt due to Williams, Black & Co., a subscriber's offer at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, at or near the residence of L. G. Bates, on said land, all the personal property described in said deeds, consisting of Horses, Mules, Wagons, Carts, Farming Implements, Sheep, Cattle, including work Oxen and other personal property.

WILLIAMS, BLACK & CO.,
by Edw'd Conditling, their Att'y.
Feb. 5th, 1875.

REMOVED!

MRS. J. FELDENHEIMER

Having removed two doors from her late stand to the bar-house brick building recently erected by Mr. H. J. Keene, now has increased facilities for conducting the

Millinery Business in all its Branches.

A FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, CLOTHING, TRUNKS AND VALISES, also in stock which will be sold at low figures.

Thanking her numerous friends for their past patronage, she now extends a cordial welcome to them all, particularly the ladies, and will endeavor to serve them as faithfully in the future as heretofore.

She is ready and fully prepared to meet the wants of all and invites the public to incur no pains in visiting her.

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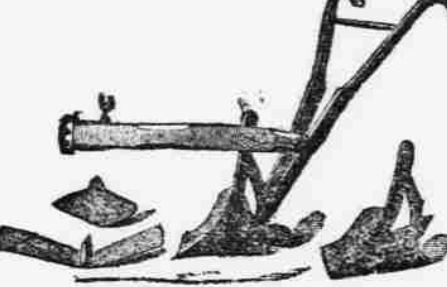
In order to prepare for a thorough renovation of our place of business, we are disposing of our extensive stock of

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Trunks, Valises, &c., &c.

Persons wishing to save money in the way of splendid bargains, will do well to call at once.

T. HILL, BRONNER & BRO.
Tarboro', N. C., Feb. 12, 1875.

ARE EDGECOMBE FARMERS ALIVE? THEIR INTEREST?



GUANOS
and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS from
R. C. BROWN & CO.

SPECIAL INFORMATION:

We have on hand the largest stock of Agricultural Implements ever brought to the Tarboro market consisting of PLOW, SHOWELS, SPADES, &c., &c., which will be sold low. We are Agents for the

Soluble Pacific Guano, and the Star Ammoniated Soluble Phosphate,

which are the best Fertilizers in the world. We guarantee the standard. By their use the consumer gets the greatest benefit from the smallest outlay. They have been used extensively by farmers throughout this section and pronounced genuine Guanos. They are ahead of all others.

READ THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES:

From J. J. Taylor.
Tolant, N. C., Oct. 25, 1874.
Gents—I used the three tons of Star Phosphate purchased from you under cotton, and beg leave to say that it has acted better on my land than any Fertilizer I have used in fifteen years. I am entirely satisfied with its results, and shall endeavor to induce my neighbors to use it next year.
Very truly,
J. J. TAYLOR.

From Wm. A. Blount.
Beaufort County, N. C., Dec. 29th, 1873.
Gentlemen—I take pleasure in recommending the Star Phosphate bought of you last season to all farmers, as a No. 1 Fertilizer. I consider it equal to any I ever used.
Yours truly,
W. A. BLOUNT.


Thousands similar could be given if necessary. These excellent Fertilizers will be sold on very accommodating terms.

For 425 lbs. good Lint Cotton, on or before 1st December, will give 1 Ton of either of the above, including the Fish Guano, purchasers paying freights upon delivery of Guano.

R. C. BROWN & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Main St., Tarboro', N. C.
Feb. 5th, 1875.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1865.



CHAMBERLAIN & RAWLS
Tarboro', N. C.

WATCH MAKERS
AND
JEWELERS,
DEALERS IN
Fine Watches, Jewelry, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, Fine Spectacles & everything else in our line.

Special attention given to the Repairing and timing of Fine Watches and Jewels. We guarantee that our work shall compare favorably in efficiency and finish with any in the land.

We offer you every possible guarantee that whatever you buy of us shall be genuine and just as represented, and you shall pay no more for it than a fair advance on the whole sale value.

We have made in the handsomest manner Hair Chains, Hair Jewelry, Diamond and Wedding Rings, of all kinds of Fine Jewelry Gold and Silver Watch Cases.

Our Machinery and other appliances for making the different parts of Watches, is perhaps the most extensive in the State, consequently we can guarantee that any part of a Watch or Clock can be replaced with the utmost facility.

Jan 25-ly

WHITLOCK & ABRAM,
Proprietors of the
Model Cigar Factory,
No. 1445 Main St.,
Richmond, Va.

Sold last year
1,200,000 CIGARS
Of their own manufacture without a single complaint from
DEALER OR SMOKER.

Therefore, if you want a
Good Smoke,
Buy no other than
Whitlock & Abram's MAKE,
and you will have the
WORTH OF YOUR MONEY.
SOLD BY EVERY DEALER.
Jan. 29, 1875.

FRESH ARRIVALS EVERY WEEK!

Just received and for sale low:

200 Bbls. Choice Flour, all grades.
100 " New Baltimore Mess Pork
50 " Heavy Rump Pork.
10 Hhds. Shoulders and Sides.
25 Bbls. Sugar, 20 Sacks Coffee.
15 " Molasses.
30 Boxes that splendid Granger's Tobacco.

We are also prepared to furnish
Genuine Guano, Peruvian Guano,
Maryland " Cotton Food " Guano,
Oyster Shell Lime.
800 Bushels Seed Oats.
25 Bbls. Early Rose Potatoes.

S. S. NASH & CO.
Jan. 29, 1875.

FOR NORFOLK AND EASTERN PORTS.

THE SCAMMON PLANT and PAMLIAC connecting with the Old Dominion Steamship Co., afford the most direct and the quickest time for shipment of produce from all points on the River.

Through the office of Lading given from all points on River for Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Produce is covered by insurance, if desired, as soon as Bills of Lading are signed.

Shipments by this line go directly to destination without delay at Norfolk or Washington, N. C., Jan. 29, 1875.

Money Lost in Failing to Patronize

O. C. DOGGETT,
Boot & Shoe Maker.

USE nothing but the best material, and I can consequently warrant all work.
Good and Comfortable Fits Guaranteed!

A full assortment of all kinds of Leathers always on hand, and made to order. **ENGLISH SOLE LEATHER** a specialty. Terms easy and accommodating. Call and see.
ONCEILA C. DOGGETT,
Granville St., near Main,
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Jan. 29, 1875.

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Topographical Surveyor.

RETURNS thanks to the citizens of this and adjoining counties, for patronage received, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Having provided himself with a suitable instrument, he is prepared for

Topographical Surveying, Leveling, &c.

RESIDENCE—Wm. S. Battle, W. G. Lewis, Elias Carr, J. A. Williams, Edgemoor, Wm. Kline, W. R. Williams, Pitt country.
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SPARTA MILLS.

THESE Mills are in excellent running order, and will make good Flour and Meal, and would ask those who have what they want ground to give us a trial.

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I have on hand near W. E. Snuggs' house, Three Hundred Thousand feet of GOOD SEASONED LUMBER, which I will sell at low rates.
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July 24, 1874.

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J. B. COFFEE,
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